









The destitution is said to be very great in various parts of South Carolina. It is stated that there is a great destitution in the neighborhood of Marion, in the State of Georgia, and that unless help comes from some source, starvation will result. One or two have already died of starvation in that neighborhood, and the destitution is said to be about equally divided between the whites and blacks.

In the Common Pleas Court at Indianapolis, Ind., on the 12th inst., a verdict was returned against the Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central Railway Company for a sum of \$35000, for the cost of recovering damages for the killing of an engineer by the explosion of an engine. The case is an important one, and it was held that the road was not bound to pay for any accident occurring to an employee. An appeal was taken to the Supreme Court.

A dispatch from Omaha states that reliable intelligence had been received from Fort Laramie, to the effect that the Indians were burning the ranches between Laramie and Fort Laramie. After burning several ranches, they pursued a course of rambles, during which three of the ranchmen and five of the Indians were killed, and a number of the latter were wounded.

At Sterling, Mo., a temperance society has been established on a novel plan. No man can join unless he has a temperance certificate. The president and chief officers were selected on account of their prowess in convulsed circles. For every offense against total abstinence, clearly proved, the culprit is to be dipped into the river as many times as there are members in the congregation.

On Saturday afternoon, two children of Deputy Sheriff Ray of Elmira, N. Y., a little boy seven years old, and a little girl twelve years old, were up stairs playing. In a bureau drawer they found two revolvers, and each took one. The girl snatched her at the boy, and he then gave her the one which, being loaded, went off, the ball entering the right ear, killing him instantly.

During a circus performance at Philadelphia, Mr. Forepaugh, the wild beast tamer, entered a cage in which there were two or three lions. One of them sprang at him, mauling him, and he was obliged to flee, and his claws into his body. His cheeks were lacerated, and his shoulder and spine were seriously injured. He, however, succeeded in mastering the infuriated beast.

The Lockport (N. Y.) Union announces the failure of the banking house of J. M. Clark & Co. of that city. The loss involved is estimated at from \$300,000 to \$750,000. There was due depositors from \$200,000 to \$850,000. Those having the best opportunities to judge, say that the loss happened two or three years ago, and was the result of oil speculation.

Business men should bear in mind that some letters require stamping as much as a note or deed. Under the internal revenue laws, letters acknowledging the receipt of either drafts, checks or money, exceeding twenty dollars, are subject to a stamp duty of two cents, the same as if a formal receipt had been given for so much money.

A recent surprise party at Albany, Me., had an unpleasant finale. One of the young men attending was seized with a slight illness, but not much was thought of it, as he had been drinking freely of himself completely "broken out" with the measles. Thirty-four of those at the party had taken the contagious disease, and some have been quite sick.

John Joel, a resident of London, Canada, enjoyed a quiet smoke on Sunday evening, a week ago, lying upon a lounge in his study, and was asleep under the soothing influence. He was restored to consciousness by the lounge taking fire from his pipe, and found himself in the midst of a raging conflagration. His injuries were so severe that death resulted.

For the better viewing of the approaching eclipse of the sun, on the 29th inst., in New Orleans, and other vicinities, expeditions have been sent from England to that country. One of these expeditions goes out with photographic apparatus, and will have its expenses paid by the British Government.

Capitalists from Western cities have recently ventured largely in the purchase of New Orleans, for the purpose of erecting warehouses, grain elevators, &c. This is due to the fact that shipments of grain, made by them lately, to Europe, by way of the Mississippi, have proved very profitable.

The State Senate of New Jersey is within a few days of the close of its session in the Union to get killed in. The official report of the Legislature gives the whole number of railroad casualties for the year, as one hundred and twenty-five; and of fatal ones, six and a half.

The trial of Jeff. Davis will certainly occur at the term of the Circuit Court in Virginia, to which time it was recently postponed, as Chief Justice Chase has made all the necessary arrangements to be present then, provided the impeachment trial does not last too long.

Each American Insurance Company doing business in Virginia, has been ordered to deposit with the General Governor a sum of not less than \$50,000 in gold. Any company that does more than one kind of business, (for instance, fire and life,) must deposit \$100,000 in gold.

Addresses from Guadaloupe to the 11th of March have been received. The sea was lately overpowered Fort Maudslowi in the Gulf of Mexico, and English vessels were driven on the rocks and broken to pieces. Several other vessels were washed ashore and greatly damaged.

The Supreme Court of Massachusetts has rendered a decision in the case of Thomas G. Kelly vs. the Commonwealth, which is a landmark case in the history of insurance on stocks of intoxicating liquors kept for sale in violation of the prohibitory law, are void.

The Salt Lake News, of recent date, speaks of expecting large additions to the Mormon population of Utah during the present year, and anticipates the introduction of new immigrants from the States and Territories, and the manufacture of wood cotton and all.

Dr. Chapin's salary is stated at \$12,000, and his congregation recently made him a present of the house he lives in, valued at \$38,000.

There are said to be two face cards in the deck of the world, and one is in Philadelphia, and the other in New York.

On Sunday, April 9th, at Avondale, Pa., the bodies of 12 negroes were thrown by the swamping of a general boat in a gale.

In Newark, N. J., one night last week, Joseph Brunette fell dead while in the act of lifting a glass of liquor to his lips.

The peach buds in Southern Ohio are reported nearly all killed by frost, as is a large proportion of the wheat.

Western states engaged to walk a hundred miles in twenty-four consecutive hours, for the purpose of twenty-nine weeks, before next winter.

Railroad rivalry has brought the fare from New York to Chicago down to \$20 35.

A Watertown lad recently shot one of his schoolmates "tattling to the teacher."

The streets in Detroit were recently flooded because of the obstruction of the sewers by cast-off hoop skirts.

Rosini, though seventy-six, has seen only nineteen birth-days, having been born in leap year, Feb. 29.

During the recent rebellion, the government purchased twenty-seven million pounds of gunpowder.

A gentleman has lately married in New Orleans a lady from whom he was divorced twenty years before.

Mr. John D. Busby has been employed in the Treasury Department at Washington sixty-three years.

General Grant has ordered the cultivation of vegetable gardens for the use of the army at all military posts.

The Natural Bridge of Virginia is advertised for sale by public auction on the 26th of April.

Grigg Harper, a negro, now living in Lemon, Ind., is 122 years old.

APPROVAL NOTICES. S. D. & H. W. SMITH'S AMERICAN OVERSEAS. We have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your order for a large instrument of the above manufacture, which has been purchased by the Congressional Society of this place.

THE LARGEST INCOME IN NEW HAMPSHIRE is that of the proprietor of a Hair Restorer. A half-dozen years ago this Restorer was unknown, and to-day it would have been considered a miracle for advertising.

KING COTTON FINDS A RIVAL, in North Carolina, in King Peanut. One hundred dollars per acre is made by the peanut crop this year, while the cotton planters have not had funds to procure mules and supplies.

IT IS PROPOSED IN CHICAGO to build a residence block for twenty families, each family to have separate utilities, all the water to be supplied by the company, and a kitchen and laundry for common use.

A NEW BUSINESS at the South, is the manufacture of case fiber sals, designed as a substitute for plaster in walls and ceilings. The material will neither warp, crack, break, peel, shell nor crumble.

THE EXPENDITURES of the War Department for the month of March last, are set down at \$1,000,000, a sum greater than the whole yearly expenses of the Government under John Quincy Adams.

THE LAND OFFICE has official information that three hundred and ninety farms, comprising nearly 32,000 acres, have been added to the public domain since the 1st of January, 1866.

ON THE STREETS of a Nashville company, a new feature has been introduced, which has the merit of originality. They have all the daily papers placed in convenient positions for the entertainment of patrons.

YANKEE ROBINSON'S mammoth elephant, Roscius, weighing six tons, is walking on a wager from Detroit, Michigan, to Quincy, Illinois, 2000 miles. Time, fourteen days, twelve hours.

TWO NEW YORKERS had a smoking match. One human chimney consumed twelve cigars and a quarter, from eight to twelve P. M. The less enterprising only got through ten and a half.

AN IRON FIGHTER car has been patented, which is lighter, stronger, and more durable than the ordinary iron car, being fire-proof—an important consideration in these days.

A CHICAGO man intends to visit Europe this summer, sailing in a boat twenty-four feet long, and accompanied only by his dog.

AMONG THE PATENTS recently issued is one to Ira S. Brown and Chas. N. Brown, of Providence, R. I., for a new and improved method of making a new kind of paper, for the purpose of making a new kind of paper, for the purpose of making a new kind of paper.

THE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY are authorized by acts of Congress to construct, with the aid and supervision of the United States Government, the Western and principal portion of the National Trunk Line between the Pacific Coast and the Mississippi Valley.

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